

Subject Specific Vocabulary		Human Development	Key knowledge I will know by the end of this unit.
foetus	offspring of a human or other mammal in the stages of prenatal development that follow the embryo stage	Stages of Growth and Development	The years between 6 and 14 - middle childhood and early adolescence - are a time of important developmental advances that establish children's sense of identity.
gestation	the process or period of developing inside the womb		
embryo	an unborn or unhatched offsprin g in the process of development (second to eighth week)	Preterm   Newborn   Infant   Toddlers   Preschool   School-age   Adolescents	Usually, puberty starts between ages 8 and 13 in girls and ages 9 and 15 in boys. At that stage, their pituitary gland (a pea-shaped gland located at the bottom of your brain) releases special hormones that change and mature the body ready for reproduction.
toddler	young child who is just beginning to walk	<b>Gestation</b> Larger animals usually have longer gestation periods than	
adolescent	a young person in the process of developing from a child into an adult	because it becomes thin less elastic. It gets drier to makes less oil and sweat.	As you get older, your skin wrinkles because it becomes thinner and less elastic. It gets drier too as it makes less oil and sweat. Your bones become more visible as you
pre-natal	before birth; during or relating to pregnancy	baby	store less fat beneath your skin.  Inside the body your bones and muscle become weaker. Your memory gets worse, and your immune system cannot fight
puberty	the time of life when a child experiences physical and hormonal changes that mark a transition into adulthood	elderly toddler	disease as easily.  The early years, especially the first three years of life, are very important for building the baby's brain. A child's brain develops rapidly during the first five years of life, especially the first three years. It
perspiration	the process of sweating		
offspring	a person's children	adult ← teenager ← child	is a time of rapid cognitive, linguistic, social, emotional and motor development.